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Yesterday's Net Circulation, 84,073

No. 28,587. Entered as second-class matter post office Washington, D. C.

Closing N. Y. Stocks and Bonds, Page 11

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1922-TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

### PRESIDENT CONFERS AGAIN WITH LEADERS OF RAILROAD STRIKE

Jewell, With Heads of Machinists and Electrical Workers, Silent After Hour's Parley.

"BIG FOUR" REPRESENTATIVES TO CALL ON MR. HARDING LATER

Conference of Southern Railway and Shopcraft Chairmen Postponed Till Monday at Union Officials' Request.

B. M. Jewell, head of the striking railroad shop workers; W. H. Johnston, president of the International Association of Machinists, and James P. Noonan, president of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, reopened negotiations today with President Harding in the railroad strike. The union leaders, after an hour's conference, left the White House under restraint of a presidential request to maintain silence as to the matters under consideration, but all three expected to remain in Washington for at

It was indicated that the issues in the strike had again been gone over, but whether President Harding had proposed that the strike leaders send the men back to work and leave the difficult seniority question to be dealt with by the Railroad Labor Board was not definitely determined, although it was suggested in connection with the discussions.

Soon after Mr. Jewell and his associates went into conference with the President it was learned that the meeting between the general chairmen of the six striking shopcrafts of the Southern railway and officials of that road had been postponed until

The postponement of the conference was said to have been Operators Offer Last Wages to Far-

The President later in the day had an appointment with legislative representatives of three of the four railroad brotherhoods whose members are not now on strike, and whose chiefs have indicated a desire to make a formal protest against the conditions of bad repair which they claim are affecting railroad equipment. The Brotherhood of Engineers: Paul Stephenson, for the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, and Arthur J. Lovell, for the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen, were expected to arrange a meeting between the Prsident and chiefs of the brotherhoods, at which protests will be presented against the conditions of railroad locomotives and equipment.

SWITCHMEN JOIN IN.

rington and Arbitration of 1923 Contract.

1923 Contract.

1923 Contract.

1923 Contract.

Ry the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, August 5.—With possibilities of peace in sight in the coal strike, federal and state officials to-day were withholding action calculated to bring about a speedy resumption of production, but continued preparation, today.

Mr. Sheppard, telegraphed the washington representatives of the conductors to take no part in the proceeding. He said there was no strike threat in the message to the President.

SWITCHMEN JOIN IN.

SWITCHMEN JOIN IN. at the instance of the union officials. which the brotherhoods claim have been allowed to fall into bad order because of the shopmen's strike.

President Harding has made no reply to the communication of the policy committee of the shopcraft unions, accepting, with interpretations, his proposals for a settlement of the strike, and it was believed in some quarters that the executive desired to discuss certain points in the America today joined the three local some quarters that the executive desired to discuss certain points in the acceptance as a preliminary step to possible further peace moves by the administration. The status of the railway executives of the President's proposal for settlement of the issue regarding seniority rights of strikers, was discussed at length at yesterday's cabinet meeting, and it was later declared by a White House spokesman that the administration regarded its major purpose as having been accomplished in the agreement by both sides to consider the authority of the Railroad Labor Board as supreme in future controversies.

America today joined the three local transportation brotherhood chiefs in requesting a conference with President Harding would take some drastic action toward ending the tie-up of mines.

Illinois operators were awaiting developments in the meeting, believing that acceptance of the proposal made by them last night would depend largely upon the outcome of the parley. Illinois producers offered to pay the old wage scale and make it effective until March 31, 1923, leaving the whole matter of wages and working conditions to a board of arbitration made up of disinterested persons mutually agreed on or appointed by President Harding.

By the Associated Press.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, August 5.—
The Order of Railroad Conductors

negotiations, eastern railroads sent

E. F. Grable last night recommending a sympathetic strike on the twenty-eight eastern roads over which they hold jugisdiction.

Won't Aid in Wrecks.

At Spokane, Wash., the chairman of

Strike Situation Grows More Tense

ing Parley With President.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, August 5 .-

of the engineers and trainmen, is

seeking to arrange the meeting with

By the Associated Press.

Three locals of the Brotherhood of relief of roads in coal mining districts in Virginia, West Virginia and Kentucky, and outbreaks of violence were reported from points hitherto peaceful.

B. M. Jewell, president of the rail-way employes' department of the American Federation of Labor, the cars ahead of last season, the resonance of the resonance of the relief of roads in coal mining districts meeting for Monday night in Housconting Central Illinois Coal Operators' Association, the Central Illinois Coal Operators' Association and the Coal Oper detachments of shopworkers to the Railway Trainmen called a joint Coal Operators' Association, the shop crafts leader, was in Washing- port added.

the capital as indicative of further settlement parleys. Officials of the Southern railway and representatives of shopmen on that road also were in Washington to confer on a possible separate settlement.

W. D. Roberts, vice president of the Maintenance of Waymen's Union, and E. L. Enke, member of the brother-hood executive, telegraphed President E. F. Grable last night recommending a sympathetic strike of the service of the proposal, would be binding and would constitute the wage basis for a period of two years from April 1, 1923.

Operators attending the meeting said that Illinois mines can produce 90,000,000 tons of coal a year, and that a settlement on the basis agreed at the union chiefs said, in part:

"The plain intention of the railroad shortage of fuel ton, where he was summoned by

tion. They also sent messages to their legislative representatives in Washington, requesting them to arrange such a conference. In their message to the legislative representative, the union chiefs said, in part: "The plain intention of the railroad executives to smash the shopcraft union is resulting in more and more of the locomotives and equipment getting into dispair, and the dangers of a most hazardous occupation are being daily increased. We fear that a continuation of the conditions will inevitably result in our members.



### COAL STRIKE END IS BELIEVED NEAR

Withholds Action Pending Outcome of Cleveland Parley.

SEEK STATE AGREEMENT

rington and Arbitration of

the United Mine Workers, and other union chiefs, with representatives of coal operators in the central competitive fields was looked upon as the Follow Brotherhood Lead in Seekpetitive fields was looked upon as the final independent peace effort of the warring factions. It was believed The Switchmen's Union of North generally here that should the Cleve-America today joined the three local land conference fail President Hard-

South Dakota was added to the list

of states which face a serious fuel shortage this winter. The state fuel administrator said there was on hand a supply about 10 per cent of normal. The Illinois operators refused to attend the meeting of union officials and Over Renewed Efforts for Tie-Up submitted a proposition to Frank

The proposals, signed by the Illinois mutually agreed to or appointed by President Harding, no member of the

ASSASSINS ASK APPEAL.

Field Marshal Wilson's Slayers ington, it is stated, the average an-

at Spokane, Wash, the chairman of an erganisation said that wrecking crews would not answer emergency calls even though lives were endangered. Union men said the action was prompted by the executives' statements that the roads were rable to bope with any emergency and by an ultimatum notifying men to return to work or consider themselves permanently discharged.

A bill introduced in the United according of the conditions will in our members, as a mater of self-protection, being drawn into the controversy, and we greatly deplore such a contingency."

A statement issued last night by the Associated Press.

LONDON, August 5.—Counsel for Joseph O'Sullivan and Reginal Dunn, under sentence to be hanged for the assassination of coal in the District is placed at about 1,200,000 tons of both hard and soft coal, which is almost evenly divided between the dunn, under sentence to be hanged for the assassination of the controversy, and we greatly deplore such a contingency."

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#### OF CHANGING NAME OF **GEORGETOWN BRIDGE** Changing the name of the new

bridge across the Potomac, at Georgetown, from "the Georgetown bridge" to "the Francis Scott Key bridge" is not favored by the Secretary of War, who has jurisdiction over the structure. Representative Kahn of the House military affairs committee recently asked him for a report on the joint resolution providing for the change of name indicated.

In replying to Mr. Kahn today, Secretary Weeks explained that the bridge "had been informally given the name of Francis Scott Key bridge," but that Congress, in June, 1920, in making an appropriation for continuing work on the bridge had directed "that the bridge should thereafter be known as the Georgetown bridge."

"Congress therefore," said Mr. Weeks, "is on record as having disapproved the name Francis Scott Key bridge, and stated that it preferred the name of Georgetown bridge. Under these circumstances it seems inadvisable to make any change, and I do not see my way clear to give favorable recommendation for the passage of the pending bill."

# NEEDS TAKEN UP

Thirty Dealers Confer With Commissioners—Draw Up Priority List.

AWAIT U. S. QUOTATIONS

Action of Administration on Fair-Price Margin Will Be Considered.

an adequate supply of fuel for Wash- cessfully stood the test of the heavy operators called for Cleveland, but ington this winter was taken today traffic. But the railroad right of way when Commissioners Oyster and Kel- at this point drops from the street

failed. Three detachments of shop workers were pending in Washington, new strike threats came from maintenance of way men and other union workers, and a conference with President Harding was sought by the big four brotherhoods for the purpose of presenting their views of the strike. Congress indirectly came into the

conference adjourned for lunch that the coal men compared with the Commissioners the estimates previously made by both groups as to the amount of coal needed and the order in which they should be given pri-

ority. The coal men left the meeting with the understanding that they would meet among themselves at 1 o'clock at their headquarters to discuss the questions brought out this morning. They will return to the District build-Commissioners at 4 o'clock this after-

Await Price Question. It is understood from a reliable

source that the consensus of opinion at the conference was that the Commissioners should wait to see what the administration does on the question of fair prices before fixing a margin of profit for Washington. In considering the needs of Washnual consumption of coal in the Dis-

## RHODE ISLAND AVE. **BUMPS DANGEROUS**

Railroad Right of Way Drop and Trolley Poles Invite Accidents.

REPAVING ONLY REMEDY

Expense of Patchwork Wasted. Law Requiring Railway Repairs Not Enforced.

Provision of funds for repaying Rhode Island avenue northeast, from 16th street to the District line would smooth out many of the worries of automobilists who travel this feeder into Maryland, for this thoroughfare is a continuation of ruts from 12th street to the District line, and the in some places is as much as six \$70,000 for the Rent Commission. inches below the grade.

While the conditions are bad from 12th street to the District line, Congress, however, has provided for re- ting done both at the District building paving this thoroughfare from 12th to 16th street, which will help a lot. but it is only a small portion of the bill amounted to \$4,000,000 in round distance from 12th street to the line. where one meets with a fine, smooth concrete road, which connects with the Baltimore-Washington boulevard just south of Bladensburg.

The dangerous condition of this roadway on the gutter side, and the sunken tracks and exposed rails coupled with the narrowness of the center of the road, make it dangerous for automobiles. If one car wants to pass another, either one must go into the gutter or the passing car drop down on to the railroad right of way.

Fine Asphalt Stretch.

This condition of the roadbed extends from the railroad viaduct east of 4th street northeast out. Between the viaduct and 12th street there is a The first steps toward obtaining fine road of asphalt which has suc-Over Renewed Efforts for Tie-Up

Submitted a proposition to Frank Farrington, president of the Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which, if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which if accepted, would result in reopening of Illinois miners' union, which if accepted, would result

by a good bumping.

There was a road force of two men today east of South Dakota avenue and working its way toward the District line, patching up little ruts here and there, but it is only temporary relief, for a little Saturday and Sunday traffic will make a rough condition. traffic will make a rough condition again. No attempt is being made to

# FROM ESTIMATES

Boiled Down to \$27,700,000.

The District estimates for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1923, have been boiled down to approximately \$27,700,000, according to reliable information obtained today. This figure, it was said, makes al-

lowance for the cuts which have been made in the past few days in the allotments for federal functions which are chargeable partly to District revenues.

Last week when the estimates wer completed by the various departments they amounted to \$31,358,000. It was learned today that this figure was further increased by an item of condition is aggravated by the state about \$300,000 for continuing the of the railroad right of way, which Rock Creek Park project and about This brought the original figure up to \$31,700,000 in round numbers. It was learned today that the cut-

and by the federal agencies which come under the city appropriation numbers, leaving the total estimates at this time \$27,700,000.

Conduit Largest Cut. The largest single cut made outside

the District building was in the item of \$3,000,000, prepared by the War Department, for continuing work on the new water-supply conduit from

It is reliably stated that \$1,300,000 was taken off that sum, leaving a request of \$1,700,000 for continuing work during the next fiscal year.

work during the next fiscal year.

For the current fiscal year Congress actually appropriated \$1,500,000 for beginning the conduit, and authorized the making of contracts for an additional \$1,450,000.

The whole project is to cost more than \$8,000,000, and the plan of the War Department in asking for \$3,000,000 last year was to complete the job and relieve the danger of a water famine within three years. At the present rate of appropriations, it will require between four and five years to complete the job.

Falls to the District line, will be built first and may be used to bring more water to the city before the filtration plant and reservoirs are constructed.

The Commissioners probably will give no further consideration to the state of two machine guns, several red flags and other socialist trophies by the Associated Press.

A fierce engagement between the Fascisti and communists occurred in owing to the excel

and there, but it is only temporary reief, for a little Saturday and Sunday
raffic will make a rough condition
igain. No attempt is being made to

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

### TYPHOON KILLS 5,000, LEVELING CHINA CITY

Ships Washed Ashore at Mercy of Pirates-Foreign Warehouses Demolished-Loss Inestimable.

By the Associated Press.
HONGKONG, August 5.—Wednesday night's typhoon at Swatow, worst in the history of that city. Dead bodies are floating amid the wreckage everywhere in the harbor. Nearly every house in the city was damaged. A flood following the wind drove inhabitants

HONGKONG, August 5.-Full re ports of the disastrous typhoon which swept Swatow, 250 miles north of here with estimated losses of 5,000 lives and great property damage, August 2, were awaited here today. Foreign warehouses were demolished by the storm and their contents lost or extensively damaged. Two British steamers were swept ashore and their cargoes, it is

from their homes.

Swatow is a port of about 60,000 in abitants at the mouth of the River Han, near the eastern border of the province of Kwangtung. It is the port



the mercy of violent storms on the sea.

Increasing traffic of the port has led to overcrowding the narrow strip of land on which it was built and in the last forty years more than twenty acres have been reclaimed from the sea to provide room for more buildings.

The port occupies an unfavorable position in still another respect, as it is opposite the lower mouth of the Formosa channel where many of the violent tropical storms form. It has been subjected often to the full force of typhoons which almost yearly sweep the lower tooset of China.

## \$4.000,000 SLASHED | KENTUCKY EXPECTS **BIG VOTE TODAY**

1923 District Budget Finally Five of Eight Congressional **Districts Have Bi-Party** Contests.

> LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 5.-Kenucky voters in five of the state's eleven congressional districts today balloted or candidates to go on the ballots of the two major political parties at the November election. In the other six districts there were no contests or either side.

> The weather was fair throughout the state. It was expected that a heavy ote would be polled by the republican n the third and tenth districts, where there have been bitter fights among the candidates, fusing into personalities during the last week of the campaign comparatively light vote was in pros-

Use of Money Charged.

In the third district R. H. Amos, a one of the candidates who was reported to have withdrawn, was arrested during the week on a warrant sworn to by Marmaduke Bowden, another candidate, will charging him with accepting money from W. O. Moats, the third candidate in the race, with which to influence voters. Bowden is credited with having the backing of the regular party organization. Amos got back into the race after his arrest and has been making

an active campaign. In the tenth district John W. Langley, veteran representative, is being gave orders that the application of opposed vigorously by Fess Whittaker of Letcher county. The name of Rev. N. T. Hopkins, who announced two weeks ago that he would with-draw, also appears on ballots in all

### **CLUB OF COMMUNISTS**

Capture Machine Guns and Red

Flags in Guerrilla Warfare By the Associated Press.

ROME, August 5 .- Guerrilla fighting of a bitter character between the communists and fascisti continued throughout the labryinth of Genca's

To U. S., Says Senate Aspirant

The fascist had evacuated the municipal building at Milan and all were hoping peace would soon return, when from a window in the building at Milan and all were hoping peace would soon return, when from a window in the building at Milan and all were made to the fascist. The latter, thereupon, furiously attacked the building, which they entered and partily wrecked. They were finally ejected by royal guards. The number of casualties is not known.

I Dispatch to The Star.

UTIMORE, August 5.—Declaring Washington society is a menour nation, William I. Norris, atic candidate for the United Senate, bitters.

ARMS PACTS OFFICE A A nerce engagement between the Fascisti and communists occurred in the Via Canonia, Milan, when the Fascisti invaded and wrecked a communist club. Two were killed and many on both sides were wounded. The fascisti had evacuated the municipal building at Milan and all were beating nearce would soon return.

tioned the treaties to which Japan was a party at the arms conference at Washington. This complete Japan's action on the treaties, with the formal exchange of ratifications at Washington.

#### CABINET IS BOURGEOISE.

Bavaria First State to Have Pure pect me to take part in the social ly Rightist Ministry.

### FRENCH ENFORCE DEBT PENALTIES ON THE GERMANS

Failure to Meet Pre-War Obligations to Citizens Brings Quick Action.

SEQUESTRATED PROPERTY PAYMENTS ARE STOPPED

Step Taken Independent of Allies. More Severe Measures Threatened if Warranted.

PARIS, August 5 .- Premier Poincare at noon today notified the German embassy at Paris that the first of a series of measures to conserve French interests against a lapse in Germany's pre-war debt payments would be put into effect immediately. The notice followed the receipt of a note from Germany refusing to meet the £2,-00,000 installment of these payment to French citizens due August 15.

The first of the French measures consists of the immediate suspension of all payments to German national for debts contracted with Frenchmer before the war, both in France and Alsace-Lorraine. The offices in Paris and Strassburg which were set up t liquidate these debts were notified t cease functioning at once and to pa to more German claims until furthorders from the premier.

Other Steps to Be Taken. The initial measures also include t

uspension of all further payments Germans for German property seque trated in France. This property is ludes estates, villas, art collection The agreement reached at Baden

Baden, under which Germans werbeing compensated for the house fur nishings, stocks, bonds and cash let in Alsace and Lorraine, also is sus pended.

pended.

It was explained at the foreign office that these first measures taken are not penalties, in the stricterisense of the word, but merely action to safeguard the French interests, which have been jeopardized by the Germans refusing to pay.

More Severe Measures Likely.

If these measures fail to bring a satisfactory settlement further and more severe measures, it was said will be enforced. The nature of these is withheld pending the effect of the present action. Official circles said that France now would awai

ome move by Germany. If Belgium and Great Britain desire to forego payments from Germany on the private debts due their nationals this will have no effect upon the French position, it was declared. France will insist upon the payment of these claims despite any moratorium that the Lendan conference. torium that the London conference may decide to grant, it was added and if Germany does not meet the French demands the measures taken become progressively more

severe.

German Reply Unsatisfactory. The German charge d'affaires brought the German answer to the French ultimatum to the quay d'Orsay a few minutes before 12 o'clock. Premier Poincaire at once pronounced it unsatisfactory and the French measures should begin In his reply the premier notified Germany that her "dilatory" answer to the ultimatum had been unsatisfactory and that France was taking measures to protect her interests.

The German note asked the French government to reserve its decision draw, also appears on ballots in all counties except Pike. He notified the county clerk of that county that he had withdrawn. In this district F. Tom Hatcher and K. L. Varney are seeking the democratic nomination.

(Continued on Page 4, Column 2.)

(Continued on Page 4, Column 2.)

(Continued on Page 4, Column 2.)

(Continued on Page 4, Column 2.) with the moratorium issue The French premier takes the view that payments in pre-war debts is a mat-ter for German business men, who are obviously prosperous, and that it can-not be coupled with the present state of German governmental finances.

#### **GOOD CROPS HALT RUSS** ORDERS FOR ALIEN FOOD

Prices in Russia, However, Rise 30 to 40 Per Cent, Increase

Highest in Moscow.

MOSCOW, August 5 .- The soviet government announced today that owing to the excellent crops pros-

ture actor, will be permitted to remain in the United States until July 1 next, under the terms of an order announced today by the Labor Department.

Mrs. Chaplin was allowed to enter the United States several months ago in order to benefit her health, and at that time it was stated her admission was temporary. The order issued today permits her to remain until July 1,

An investigation was ordered by An investigation was ordered by Secretary Davis to decide whether she was responding to treatment in California. Reports from physicians state that marked improvement has been noted in her condition. Mrs. Chaplin is an English woman and has not applied for permanent admission to this country.

#### Special Dispatch to The Star BALTIMORE, August 5.—Declaring ed dancing, but "as a matter of fact that "Washington society is a mening for a further session with the ace to our nation," William I. Norris, democratic candidate for the United

Washington Society Menace

States Senate, bitterly attacked the social rites and customs of the capital at a meeting of the Northwest Democlatic Club yesterday. "What is the Congress of today?"

he continued. "Nothing but a mere organization of social puppets trying to ape the ideas of those European courts which were so distasteful to the fathers of our Constitution. In Washington, if Mrs. Somebody steps in front of Mrs. Somebody Else at one of their so-called functions, her twaddle of Washington," Norris an-

as Norris described it, so prevalent Hirohito, regent, today officially sancamong national lawmakers, was a

direct result of this love for parties, the candidate contended.

"They have no time for sober thought," he said; "real work is foreign to their minds and bodies. As a result, we get ninety-six-hour speeches and such stagnant tariff conditions as face us today.

Will Shun "Social Twaddle." "If the democrats of Maryland ex-

social position is ruined. If her husband does, his dinner-coat standing is likewise gene."

Raps Dancing Crase.

Norris declamed against the prevalent dancing craze in Washington. He asserted that men were elected to Congress to labor so diligently that the provalent congress to labor so diligently that twill continue to pursue a purely bourgeoise cabinet.

I waddle of Washington, Norris announces in twicken. I believe men are elected by their constituents to work, and not play is likewise gene."

I believe men are elected by their constituents to work, and not play. If elected, I will continue to pursue a composed of the various rightist particular to the formation of a new government coalition in Bavaria, composed of the various rightist particular to the formation of a new government coalition in Bavaria, to suffice. The correspondent remarks that whereas all the other German state for our great party—Thomas Jefferson."